

# 1000BASE-BXSFP 1310nmTX/1550nmRX 40km DOM

## **Transceiver**

#### **Features**

- Operating data rate Up to 1.25Gb/s
- Two types:

A:1310nmDFB transmitter /1550nm receiver

B:1550nmDFB transmitter/1310nm receiver

- Up to 40km on 9/125μm SMF
- Hot-pluggable SFP footprint
- BIDI LC/UPC type pluggable optical interface
- Low power dissipation
- Metal enclosure, for lower EMI
- RoHS compliant and lead-free
- Support Digital Diagnostic Monitor interface
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Case operating temperature:

Commercial: 0°C ~ 70°C

Extended:  $-20^{\circ}$ C ~  $85^{\circ}$ C

Industrial:  $-40^{\circ}$ C ~  $85^{\circ}$ C

- Compliant with SFP MSA Specification
- Compliant with SFF-8472
- Compliant with IEEE 802.3ah

## **Application**

- Switch to Switch Interface
- Fast Ethernet
- Switched Backplane Applications
- Router/Server Interface
- Other Optical Links



#### **Description**

Gearlink's GCS5L0C35 SFP transceiver is compatible with the Small Form Factor Pluggable Multi-Sourcing Agreement (MSA). The transceiver consists of five sections: the LD driver, the limiting amplifier, the digital diagnostic monitor, the 1310nm FP laser (the 1550nm DFB laser)and the PIN/TIA. The module data link up to 40km in 9/125um Single-mode fiber.

This transceiver meets the Small Form Pluggable (SFP) industry standard package utilizing an integral LC-Bi-dirictional optical interface connector. An enhanced Digital Diagnostic Monitoring Interface compliant with SFF-8472 has been incorporated into the transceiver. It allows real time access to the transceiver operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage by reading a built-in memory with I<sup>2</sup>C interface.

The optical output can be disabled by a LVTTL logic high-level input of Tx Disable, and the system also can disable the module via I<sup>2</sup>C. Tx Fault is provided to indicate that degradation of the laser. Loss of signal (LOS) output is provided to indicate the loss of an input optical signal of receiver or the link status with partner. The system can also get the LOS (or Link)/Disable/Fault information via I<sup>2</sup>C register access.

### **Product Specifications**

## **General Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Bit Rate	BR			1.25	Gb/sec
Max.Supported Link Length	Lmax			40	km

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Ref.
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40		85	°C	
Storage Ambient Humidity	H <sub>A</sub>	5		95	%	
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5		4	V	
Signal Input Voltage		-0.3		Vcc+0.3	V	
Receiver Damage Threshold		+3			dBm	
Lead Soldering Temperature/Time	$T_{sold}$			260/10	°C/sec	Note 1
Lead Soldering Temperature/Time	T <sub>sold</sub>			360/10	°C/sec	Note 2

Notes:

1.Suitable for wavesoldering.

2.Only for soldering by iron.

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Ref.
Case Operating Temperature	Tcase	0		70	°C	GCS5L0C35-C
case operating remperature	- case	-20		85		GCS5L0C35-E





		-40		85		GCS5L0C35-I
Ambient Humidity	H <sub>A</sub>	5		70	%	Non-condensing
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	
Power Supply Current	Icc			280	mA	
Data Rate			1250/1250		Mbps	TX Rate/RX Rate
Transmission Distance				40	km	
Coupled Fiber		Sir	ngle mode fib	er		9/125μm G.652
Transmitter						
Total Supply Current	$I_{CC}$			A	mA	Note 1
Transmitter Disable Input-High	$V_{\mathrm{DISH}}$	2		V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V	LVTTL
Transmitter Disable Input-Low	$V_{\mathrm{DISL}}$	0		0.8	V	LVTTL
Transmitter Fault Input-High	$V_{TxFH}$	2		V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V	LVTTL
Transmitter Fault Input-Low	$V_{TxFL}$	0		0.8	V	LVTTL
		I	Receiver			
Total Supply Current	Icc			В	mA	Note 1
LOS Output Voltage- High	V <sub>LOSH</sub>	2		VCC+0.3	V	LVTTL
LOS Output Voltage- Low	V <sub>LOSL</sub>	0		0.8	V	LVTTL

Note:

1.A (TX) + B (RX) = 280mA (Not include termination circuit)

## **Optical Characteristics**

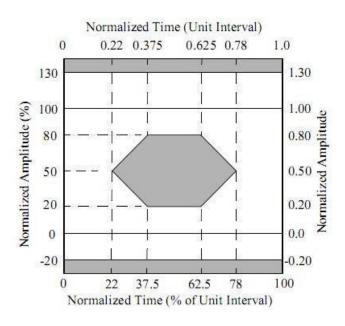
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Ref.	
Transmitter							
Avorage Output Power	Pout	-5		0	dBm	GCS5L0C35	
Average Output Power	FOUT	-5		0	UDIII	GCS5L0C53	
Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dB		
Contan Wassalan ada	,	1260	1310	1360		GCS5L0C35	
Center Wavelength	λc	1530	1550	1570	nm	GCS5L0C53	
Spectrum Width (RMS)	σ			3.5	nm	FP Laser(TX:1310nm)	
Side Mode	SMSR	30			dB	DFB Laser(TX:1550nm)	
Spectrum Bandwidth(-20dB)	σ			1	nm	DFB Laser(TX:1550nm)	
Transmitter OFF Output Power	Poff			-45	dBm	DFB Laser(TX:1550nm)	
Jitter p-p	tı			0.1	UI	Note 1	
Output Eye Mask	Compliant with IEEE802.3 z (class 1 laser safety)				Note 2		
	Receiver						
Input Optical Wavelength	λın	1500	1550	1600	nm	GCS5L0C35	



		1290	1310	1330		GCS5L0C53
Receiver Sensitivity	$P_{\rm IN}$			-23	dBm	Note 3
InputSaturation Power (Overload)	PSAT	-3			dBm	
Loss of Signal Assert	PA	-45			dBm	
Loss of Signal De- assert	$P_D$			-23.5	dBm	Note 4
LOS Hysteresis	P <sub>D</sub> -P <sub>A</sub>	0.5		6	dB	

#### Notes:

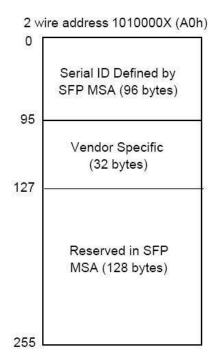
- 1.Measure at 2^7-1 NRZ PRBS pattern.
- 2. Transmitter eye mask definition.

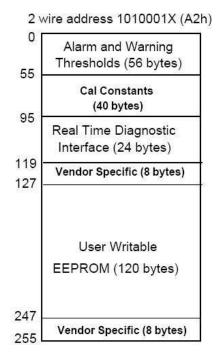


- 3.Measured with Light source 1550nm(1310nm), ER=9dB; BER =<10^-12 @PRBS=2^7-1 NRZ.
- 4. When LOS De-asserted, the RX data+/- output is signal output.



## Digital Diagnostic Memory Map





## **Digital Diagnostic Monitoring Information**

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy
Case Temperature	$^{\circ}\! \mathbb{C}$	<u>±3</u>
Supply Voltage	V	±3%
TX Bias Current	mA	±10%
TX Optical Power	dB	±3
RX Optical Power	dB	±3



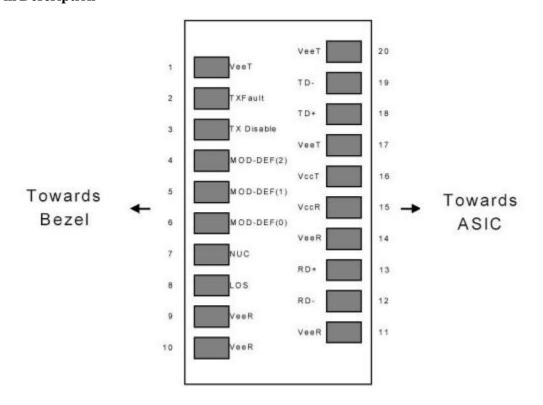


Figure 1. Pin out of Connector Block on Host Board

Pin	Symbol	Symbol Name/Description				
1	VEET	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)				
2	T <sub>FAULT</sub>	Transmitter Fault.Open Drain. Logic "0" indicates normal operation.	2			
3	T <sub>DIS</sub>	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.	3			
4	MOD_DEF(2)	Module Definition 2. Data line for Serial ID.	4			
5	MOD_DEF(1)	Module Definition 1. Clock line for Serial ID.	4			
6	MOD_DEF(0)	Module Definition 0. Grounded within the module.				
7	Rate Select	No connection required.				
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Open Drain. Logic "0" indicates normal operation.	5			
9	$V_{\mathrm{EER}}$	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1			
10	VEER	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1			
11	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1			
12	R <sub>D</sub> -	Receiver Inverted DATA out(CML). AC Coupled				
13	R <sub>D</sub> +	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out(CML). AC Coupled				
14	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1			
15	V <sub>CCR</sub>	Receiver Power Supply				
16	Vcct	Transmitter Power Supply				



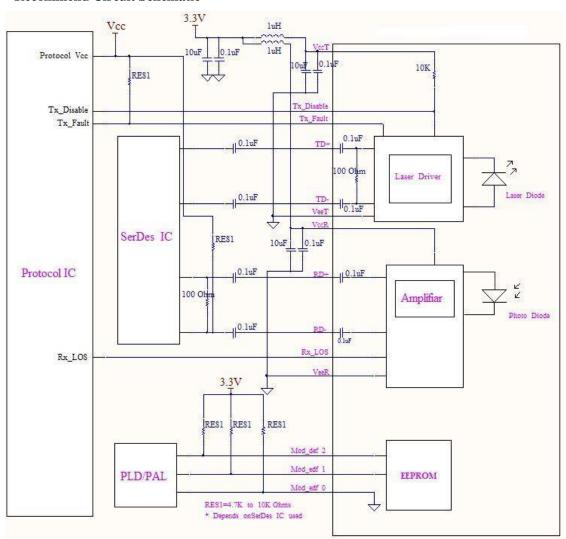
17	$V_{\rm EET}$	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1

#### Notes:

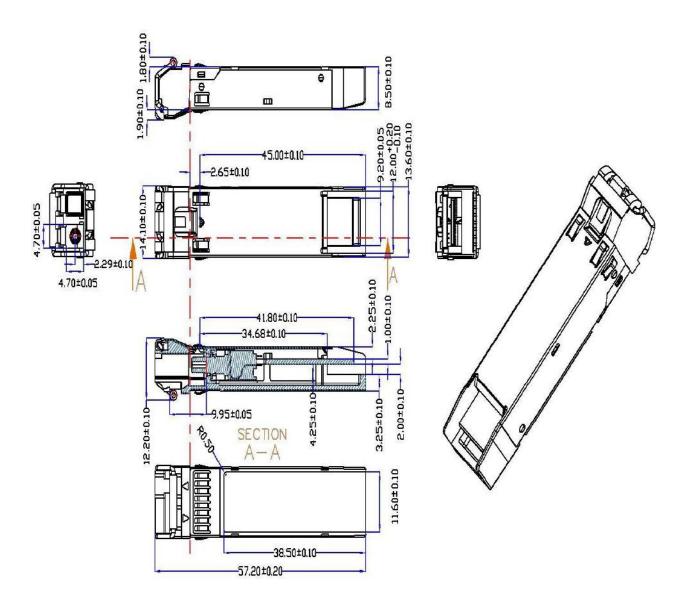
- 1.Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.
- 2.TX Fault is an open drain output, which should be pulled up with  $4.7K-10K\Omega$  resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V to VccT/R+0.3V. When high, output indicates < 0.8V. When sensing an improper power level in the laser driver, the SFP sets this signal high and turns off the laser. TX-FAULT can be reset with the TX-DISABLE line. The signal is in LVTTL level.
- 3.TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with 4.7K -10K  $\Omega$  resistor. Its states are: Low (0 -0.8V): Transmitter on; (>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined; High (2.0V to VccT/R+0.3V): Transmitter Disabled; Open: Transmitter Disabled. The TX-DISABLE signal is high (LVTTL logic "1") to turn off the laser output. The laser will turn on when TX-DISABLE is low (LVTTL logic "0").
- 4.Should be pulled up with 4.7K  $10K\Omega$  on host board to a voltage between 2.0V to VccT/R+0.3V. MOD\_DEF (0) pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.
- 5.LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with  $4.7K-10K\Omega$  resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V to VccT/R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V. The RX-LOS is high (LVTTL logic "1") when there is no incoming light from the companion transceiver. This signal is normally used by the system for the diagnostic purpose. The signal is operated in LVTTL level.



## **Recommend Circuit Schematic**







## **Order Information**

Part Number	Description
GCS5L0C35	SFP, BIDI, 1000Base, 1310TX/1550nmRX, SMF, 40km, LC simplex, DOM