

# GHS6L0C23

# 10.3Gbps SFP+ BIDI Transceiver, Single Mode, 60km Reach

# 1270nm TX / 1330nm RX

#### **Features**

- Supports up to 10.7Gbps bit rates
- Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- 1270nm DFB laser and APD photodiode, Up to 60km

for SMF transmission

• Compliant with SFP+ MSA and SFF-8472 with duplex

LC receptacle

- Compatible with RoHS
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Real Time Digital Diagnostic Monitoring
- Operating case temperature:

### **Applications**

- 10Gbps Optical systems
- 10GBASE-LR at 10.3125Gbps
- 10GBASE-LW at 9.953Gbps
- LTE systems

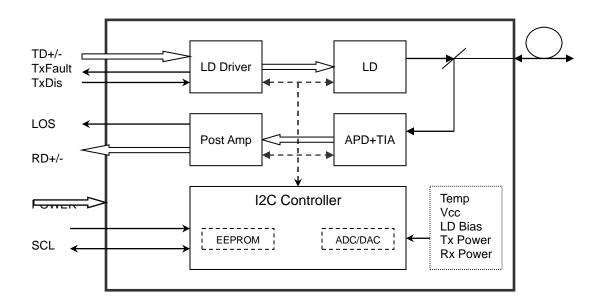
# **Description**

The SFP+ transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting data rate of 10Gbps and 60km transmission distance with SMF.

The transceiver consists of three sections: a DFB laser transmitter, a APD photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement and SFF-8472 digital diagnostics functions.





Transceiver functional diagram

# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

# **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
	Standard		0		+70	°C
Operating Case Temperature	Extended	Тс	-20		+80	°C
	Industrial		-40		+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.135	3.30	3.465	V
Power Supply Current		Icc			450	mA
Data Rate			1.0	10.3	10.7	Gbps



# **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
			Transmit	ter			
Centre V	Vavelength	λc	1260	1270	1280	nm	
Spectral Wi	dth (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side-Mode St	appression Ratio	SMSR	30	-		dB	
Average C	Output Power	Pout	+1		+6	dBm	1
Extinct	tion Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	
Data Input Sv	ving Differential	VIN	180		850	mV	2
Input Differe	ntial Impedance	ZIN	90	100	110	Ω	
TX Disable	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V	
1 A Disable	Enable		0		0.8	V	
TX Fault	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V	
1 X Fauit	Normal		0		0.8	V	
	Receiver						
Centre V	Vavelength	λc	1320	1330	1340	nm	
Receiver	Sensitivity				-20	dBm	3
Receiver Overload			-6			dBm	3
LOS De-Assert		LOSD			-21	dBm	
LOS Assert		LOSA	-35			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis			0.5			dB	
Data Output S	Data Output Swing Differential		300		900	mV	4
	OS	High	2.0		Vcc	V	
I	LOS				0.8	V	

#### Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- ${\bf 2.\ PECL\ input, internally\ AC\text{-}coupled\ and\ terminated.}$
- 3. Measured with a PRBS 231-1 test pattern @10312Mbps, BER  $\leq$ 1×10-12.
- 4. Internally AC-coupled.



## **Timing and Electrical**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock		100	400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	VH	2		Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	VL			0.8	V

#### **Diagnostics**

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration
	0 to +70			
Temperature	-20 to +80	°C	±3°C	Internal
	-40 to +85			
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal
TX Power	-1 to +5	dBm	±3dB	Internal
RX Power	-20 to -6	dBm	±3dB	Internal

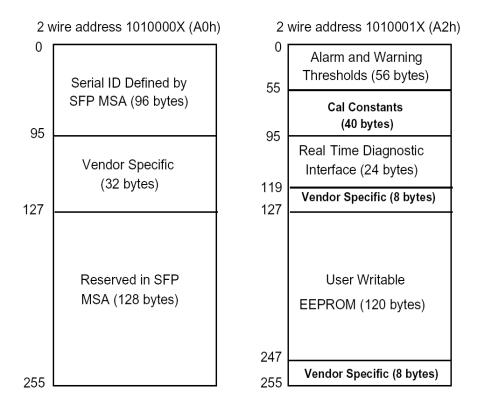
#### **Digital Diagnostic Memory Map**

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

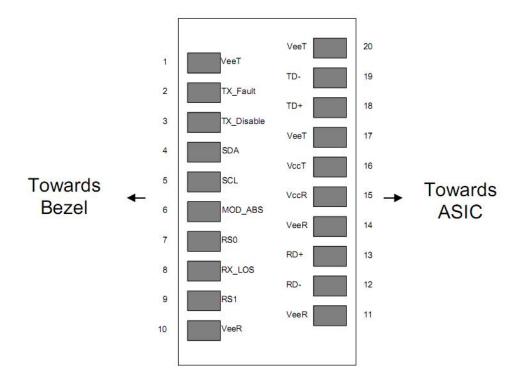
The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.





## **Pin Descriptions**





Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	SDA	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	
5	SCL	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	3	
7	RS0	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 3
9	RS1	Not Connected	3	
10	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
11	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 4
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 4
14	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
15	VCCR	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	VCCT	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 5
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 5
20	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	

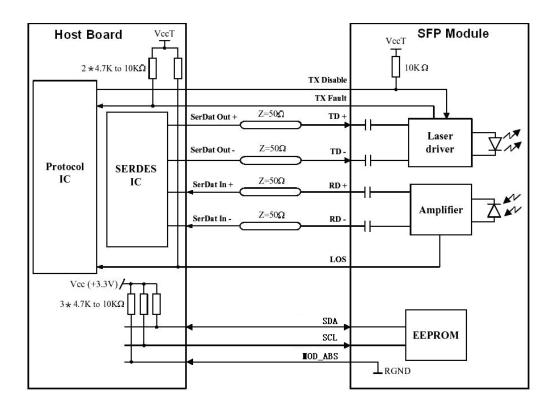
#### Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- 1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$  resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) Laser output disabled on TDIS >2.0V or open, enabled on TDIS <0.8V.
- 3) LOS is open collector output. Should be pulled up with  $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$  on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.
- 4) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 5) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module.



# **Recommended Interface Circuit**



# **Ordering information**

Part Number	Product Description			
GHS6L0C23	1270T/1330R, 10Gbps, LC, 60km, 0°C~+70°C, with DDM			