

GAS4L0C35 SFP 155M Tx1310/Rx1550 20Km LC

Features

- Up to 155Mbps Date links
- Tx 1310nm FP laser and Rx 1550nm PIN
 photodetector for 20km transmission
- Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with single LC receptacle
- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring
- Internal Calibration or External Calibration
- Compatible with SONET OC-24-LR-1
- Compatible with RoHS
- +3.3V single power supply

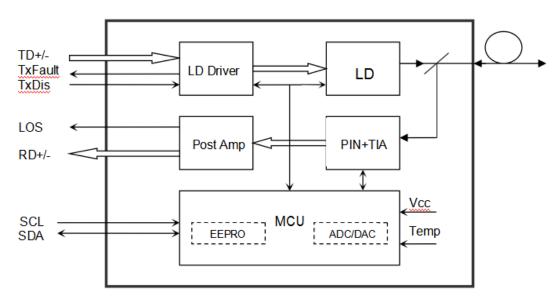
Applications

- Gigabit Ethernet Fiber Channel
- Switch to Switch interface
- Switched backplane applications
- Router/Server interface
- Other optical transmission systems

Description

The SFP-BIDI transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting dual data-rate of 155Mbps and 20km transmission distance with SMF.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) and SFF-8472. For further information, please refer to SFP MSA.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 1 - Absolute Maximum Ratings



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Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 2 - Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	
Operating (Case Temperature	Standard	Тс	0		+70	°C
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	
Power Supply Current		Icc			300	mA	
Gigabit Ethernet				155		3.0	
Data Rate Fiber Channel				155		Mbps	

Optical and Electrical Characteristics:(FP and PIN, 20km Reach)

Table 3 - Optical and Electrical Characteristics

Param	eter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
			Transmi	tter			
Centre W	avelength	λc	1290	1310	1330	nm	
Spectral W	idth (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side Mode Sup	pression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Average O	utput Power	Pout	-10		-3	dBm	1
Extinct	ion Ratio	ER	9			dB	
Optical Rise/Fall	Time (20%~80%)	tr/tf			0.26	ns	
Data Input Sw	ing Differential	VIN	400		1800	mV	2
Input Differen	tial Impedance	ZIN	90	100	110	Ω	
TX Disable	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V	
174 Disable	Enable		0		0.8	V	
TX Fault	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V	
12X I aun	Normal		0		0.8	V	
			Receive	er			
Centre W	avelength	λc	1530		1570	nm	
Receiver	Sensitivity				-32	dBm	3
Receiver	Receiver Overload		-3			dBm	3
LOS De-Assert		LOSD			-32	dBm	
LOS Assert		LOSA	-30			dBm	
LOS H	LOS Hysteresis		1		4	dB	
Data Output Sv	Data Output Swing Differential		400		1800	mV	4



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LOS	High	2.0	Vcc	V	
	Low		0.8	V	

Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- 2.PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
- 3.Measured with a PRBS 2⁷-1 test pattern @1250Mbps, BER≤1×10⁻¹².
- 4.Internally AC-coupled.

Timing and Electrical

Table 4 - Timing and Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock			400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	VH	2		Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	VL			0.8	V

Diagnostics

Table 5 – Diagnostics Specification

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration
Temperature	0 to +70	°C	±3°C	Internal / External
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal / External
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal / External
TX Power	-9 to 0	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External
RX Power	-23 to -3	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External

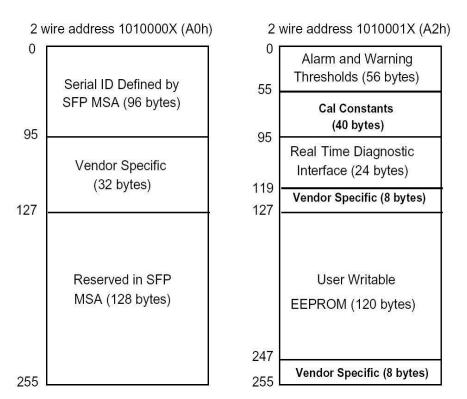
Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

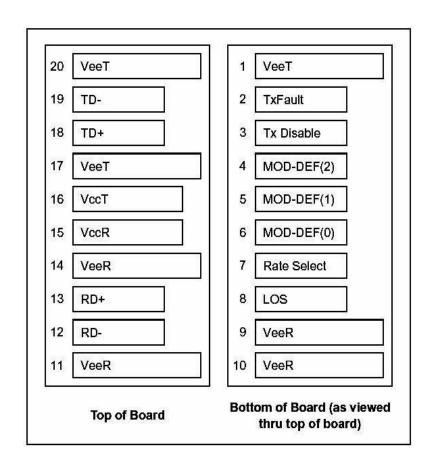
The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.





Pin Definitions
Pin Diagram





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Descriptions

Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note 3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note 3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note 3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
10	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
11	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
14	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
15	VCCR	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	VCCT	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
20	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- 1. TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2. TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 to 0.8V): Transmitter on

(>0.8V, <2.0V): Undefined

 $High\ (2.0\ to\ 3.465V): Transmitter\ Disabled$

Open:Transmitter Disabled

3. Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ${\bf ID}$

Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

- 4. LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7k-10k\Omega$ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 5. RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 6. TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.



Recommended Interface Circuit

